Cirizen Grouvelle, the French envoy at Copenhagan, has prevailed on the court to command the suprection of the Croix de St. Louis, worn by emigrant ufficers. Grouvelie chas also demanded at loan of 6,000,000 of Danish marks, and this also, it is believed, he will obtain.

August 1.

The continued advancement of the military spirit of our country, hads tourth to the friends of liberty every where, an example which can hardly fail of the most spiended consequences. It is the honourable boald of our city and state, to have taken the lead in those warlike preparations, which have been the means of converting an unsettled state of apprehension, distruit and division, to that of mutual confidence and satisfaction. We are happy to inform our readers, that a rifle corps of fixty fine young men, has been raifed in Frankfort, and its vicinity, who have offered their fervices to their country, under the command of captain Samuel Howeil, and have already taken they toward a junction, with the legion of general Macpherson. A light infantry company have also made application to unite with Macpherson's blues.

Last evening arrived from Lancaster, the detach-

ments which conducted the French prisoners to the prison of that place. They confisted of 14 of capt. Wharton's troop of horie, under the command of cornet Nixon, and 24 of Macpherson's blues, under the command of terjeant Lewis-They were received at the middle ferry by a number of their fellow foldiers, and a large concourfe of citizens who accompanied

them to town.

In justice to the prisoners be it said, that they behaved with the utmost decorum and order, and are very grateful for the kind treatment they have received. La Croyable has been purchased by government for 7000 dollars. She will be ready for tea in the course

of next week.

BY AUTHORITY.

Explanatory article, to be added to the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, between the United States and his Britannic majefty.

WHEREAS by the twenty-eighth article of the treaty of smity, commerce and navigation, between his Britannic majesty and the United States, signed at London on the nineteenth day of N vember, one thou-fand seven hundred and ninety-four, it was agreed, that the contracting parties would, from time to time, readily treat of and concerning such surther articles as might be proposed, that they would sincerely endease your fo to form tuch articles, as that they might conduce to mutual convenience, and tend to promote mumake a part of that treaty : And whereas difficulties have arisen with respect to the execution of so much of the ffib article of the faid treaty, as requires that the commillioners, appointed under the same, should in their description particularize the latitude and longitude of the fource of the river, which may be found ween the one truly intended in the traces States, under the his Britannic measure. Croix, by reason whereof it is his Britannic the faid commissioners should be released from the obligation of conforming to the provisions of the said articles in this respect. The underfigned being respectively named by his Britannic majesty and the United States of America, their plenipotentiaries for the purpole of treating of and concluding such articles as may be proper to be added to the faid treaty, in conformity to the above mentioned stipulation, and having communicated to each other their respective full powers, have agreed and concluded, and do hereby declare in the name of his Britannic majetty and of the United States of America—that the commissioners appointed under the 5th article of the above-mentioned treaty, shall not be obliged to particularize in their description, the latitude and longitude of the source of the river, which may be found to be the one truly intended in the aforesaid treaty of peace, under the name of the river St. Croix, but they shall be at liberty to describe the said river, in such other manner, as they may judge expedient, which description shall be con-sidered as a complete execution of the duty required of the faid commissioners in this respect by the article aforesaid. And to the end that no uncertainty may hereafter exist on this subject, it is further agreed I hat as foon as may be after the decision of the faid commissioners, measures shall be concerted between the government of the United States and his Britannic majefly's governors or lieutenant-governors in America, in order to creet and keep in repair a fuitable monu-ment at the place ascertained and described to be the fource of the faid river St. Croix, which measures shall immediately thereupon, and as often afterwards as may be requisite, be duly executed on both lides with punctuality and good faith.

This explanatory article, when the fame shall have been ratified by his majefty and by the president of the United States, by and with the advice and confent of spective ratifications mu theth exchanged, shall be added to and make a part of the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, between his majefty and the United States, figned at London, on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand feven hundred and ninety-four, and shall be permanently

binding upon his majefty and the United States.

In wirmass whereof, we, the faid underfigned plenipotentiaries of his Britannic majefty and the United States of America; have figned this present sitiele, and have caused to be sffixed thereto the feal of our ginet.

Donn at London this fifteentir, day of

March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety eight. GRENVILLE, (L. .) (Gigned) RUPUS KING, (L. 1.)

SAVANNA, July 17.

We learn, that one thousand stand of arms complete, with a quantity of ammunition, have just arrived here in the schooner John, captain Waterman, from Philadelphia, who mentions that he was the whole of one day in company with the frigate Cont. Beliation off North-Carolina, during which time she was beating to windward, and he fays that the failed remarkable well.

## CHARLESTON, July 19.

In the schooner Neptune, capt. Philips, which arived a few days sgo from Surinam, a gentleman came paffenger, who has been a missionary amongst the Indians dwelling in the interior country, to the westward of Surinam, for ten years patt; he is a native of Wirtemburg, in Germany, is of the feet of Moravians, and is now on his way to vifit Bethlehem, in Penn-

He informs, that a few days besore he left Paramaribo, a number of Frenchmen who were banished to Cayenne, had arrived there; he did not fee them, but he was told that Pichegru and Barthelemy were a-mongit them: they had by some means made their efcape, and got by land to Paramaribo. Shortly after, an express boat arrived there from Cayenne, bringing accounts of their escape, and requiring the governor of the Dutch territ ry to apprehend them; however, it came too late, as they had got off, and it was inp-posed had gone to Berbice, which is under the English government. It was supposed that the government was privy to their going off, as it was observed that one of his yatchts was missing.

Our informant spoke with several persons, who had conversed with Pichegru and Barthelemy; he is not certain whether the number of them was eight, or

eighteen.

Yesterday governor Pinckney called a meeting at his house, of all the members of both branches of the legislature who were in town, to advise with them on such measures, as the present alarming and critical fituation of our affairs demanded, for placing this state in the most complete posture of delence.

Thirty-three members of the senate and house of representatives attended. A very excellent and well digested arrangement of measures was laid before themby the governor, for their confideration and approba-

tion, which was unanimously agreed to.

It authorised the expenditure of a sum of money, equal to the providing tents and camp equipage for the tual satisfaction and friendship; and that such articles, litia, the repairing of Fort Mechanic and building a atter having been duly ratified, should be added to and converting the prefent city guard house into an amoury, and the appointment of an amoval of the pubintend and get in ordered guard house into the state lie officerto rettore the former to its original use.

The federalism of Charleston will never be in the back ground: This day a subscription will be opened for the purpose of building a sloop of war to be prefented to cur government on the terms of loan specified

in the law lately passed by congress.

This city has the credit of having set the example to the United States, of voluntary contributions to aid the general government in their defence.

The account from Surinam, as published in the Citt Gazette of yesterday, is tound, upon more accurate inquiry, to be in a great measure, incorrect, and cannot therefore be relied upon. We can only relate fo much with certainty, that some time in June last a number of firangers appeared at Paramaribo, and went away again from thence, but it was not positively known from whence they had come or whether they had gone. It was, however, the opinion of many, that those strangers were Pichegru, Barthelemy and some other Frenchmen who had been banished to Cayenn-, and of whom it was reported, that they had quitted the place of their captivity. The conjecture, which some persons might have entertained of the Dutch governor's having connived at or favoured their escape in the government cutter is so much less probable, because the veffel dispatched by him to Berbice, was defigned to inquire after a flag of truce, which had been fent off, from Surinam two months before, and was not heard of until that time, or rather thought to have been loft. The circumstances of an express boat having been sent from Cayenne after the fugitives is likewise no more than sounded upon bare conjectures, fince an Indian canoe arrived at Surinam, which was commanded by a Frenchman and manned by Indians; camoes of that fort plying usually every month between Cayenne and Surinam.

## BALTIMORE, August 4.

Extrall of a letter from a mercantile bouse in Barcelona, ta their friend in this city, dated May 23, 1798.

"It feems the European powers are feriously forming fome new plan, to the end of putting a stop and crush at once, the progress of the revolution introduced in some parts, so that it may not infest those kingdoms where monarchial governments that hot; thank God; where monarchial governments has not; thank God; experienced alteration; and as we expect every most ment to receive the good tidings of a brace being adjusted between the good tidings of a brace being adjusted between the guaranty and fecure the navigation and trade of both countries; and very probable the navigation of the United Sistes of America will equally meet the protection of those powers, who, it is faid, are forming a coalition, in order to defend the rights are forming a coalition, in order to defend the rights of nations, &c. If this grand project should be verified, then trade will be put under the greatest feedily, and will prevent the many depledations committed at leasupport interfer at leasupport in the leasupport in

The Constellation was off Charleston on the app July, all well; but it appears had not then taken tay

Boston Julyus. Saturday evening last came to town from Portuged where they landed the day before from the thing He merlane, captain Worsley, 60 days from Bourden, Messeurs James Prince, Edward Bromfield and John Messeurs James Prince, Edward Bromfield and John Dorr; they brought dispatches to the prefident lie Mr. Gerry our reiting envoy at Paris, which were fer, warded from Portsmouth.—The U. S. brig Sophi, had arrived at Havre about a week before their deput. ture, and they faw an official letter from Mr. Hin. phreys to Mr. Fenwick, directing him to supply at our captured feamen in his confulate with thirty dollar and obtain them a paffage home. They also far a official letter from Mr. Talleyrand to Mr. Fenwid, acquainting him that no American vessels would not acquainting him that no American vessels would not acquainting him that no American vessels would not account to the parts of Taulon 140. ture be allowed to enter the ports of Toulon, L'Orien Rochfort, Breit or Dunkirk, on any pretence whaten That the Abbe Sieyes has gone envoy extra. to Profit That Mr. Gerry was about quitting France; and Mr. Humphreys had after a short tarry with Mr. Geny &c. off for Montpellier to Mr. Pieckney. That theen miffion for the army of England has been diffolied, and that army marched towards the Rhine. That the appearances of a plentiful crop were never greater the at the present moment.

## **-THEATRE**

BY DESIRE,
On FRIDAY EVENING, August 10,

Will be presented, a TRAGEDY, called,

JANE SHORE.

The Poor Soldier.

The subscriber OFFERS for SALB the following property, in the city of Annapolis, viz. HE h use in S hool street, where the tubsenber

formerly lived, now in possession of Ma. Richard Owen; a house in Church street, family occupied as a cabinet-maker's shop, as this ict into that of the dwelling house it would be very convenient either for a thore or office; there are three other fmill tenements between this shop and Mr. Frazier's house which I will either sell or lease. The whole or any part of this property will be fold low. For terms ab-

ARCHIBALD CHISHOLM. West River, August 4, 1798.

WHEREAS it is apprehended by the subscribe VV that the personal estate of the late Mr. WILLIAM WATERS, of Prince George's county, with not be sufficient to pay all the debts due therefron, notice is hereby given to the creditors of faid effic, that on the first Monday in October next they are to quested to appear at Upper-Marlborough, with the claims against the deceased, properly authenticated, at which time and place it is the intention of the tiecutor to make a proportionable division of the asies according to the act of affembly in such case made to provided.

THOMAS J. WATERS, Executor of WILLIAM.

August 4, 1798.

HEREBY give notice, that I mean to petition the general affembly, at their next seffion, to allow an annual support, as I am old and infirm, sa unable to procure the necessaries of life.

MARY WILLIAMS. Annapolis, August 8, 1798.

> T I E.

INDING generally that but little regard hits hitherto been paid to my frequent application for the discharge of debts due me, and apprehending the like inattention would be fhewn to future jequelly am resolved to spend no more time in personal & licitation; those, therefore, who are interested will please to take notice, that after the middle of rest month all unsettled secounts shall be lodged with's lawyer, and fuits thereon commenced without any discrimination whatever. Having declined bufines in Annapolis it is prefumed no apology will be deemed necessary for a thrieft adherence to this measure. Mr. J. N. STOCKETT is fully authorifed to feitle accounts and pals receipts in my absence.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER. July 30, 1798.

HE fübicriber forewarns all persons from dest way whatever without leave in writing from himlestor forme one of his family this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law is force against any offender."

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.

LL persons indebted to ROBERT CHRISTIE. fpeclive balances to the subscriber, who is sully su-thorised to receive and give acquitate for the limit those who do not comply with this notice within Elq: of London, are requelled to pay their is resionable time fairs will be commenced against them. Cash, bills of exenange on are be received in payment.

A STONE. Cash, bills of exchange on London, of tobacco, will

Adhapolis, May 30, 1798.